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### **Project Overview**

- Project seeks to use machine learning to recognize different wireless devices
- Use software defined radios (SDRs) to record various devices as training data for neural nets
- Classify type of device based on RF signature

## Last Week

- Automate data collection using OEDL
- Using USRP hardware driver(UHD) to process several signals received inside a certain environment
- Learn the features for the GNU Radio software known as "flowgraphs" which supports USRP
- Analyze the plotting and data visualization delivered by GNU Radio

### The Experiment

**Goal:** Mimic WiFi transmissions in a (mostly) controlled environment and be able to classify each transmission based on its modulation scheme.

**Hardware:** USRP X310, USRP B210

**Software:** MATLAB, UHD, OEDL

**Target Modulations:** BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

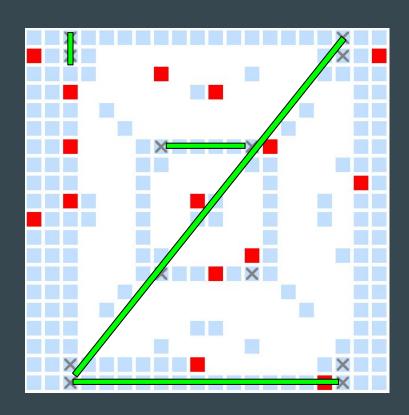
# The Experiment

#### Constants

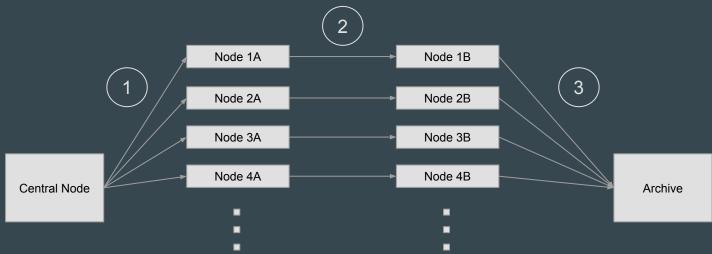
Transmitter Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Receiver Sampling Rate	40 MSps
Input/Output Binary File Format	Float32
Packet Payload Size	1500 Bytes

#### Variables

Gain	TBD
Distance (ft)	3, 15, 45, 72
Frequency (Mhz)	2412, 2437, 2462, 5180, 5240, 5745, 5825
Modulation and Coding Scheme (MCS)	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7



**Experiment Flow** 



- (1) Copy WiFi IQ sample files to set "A" nodes (transmitters)
- (<sup>2</sup>) Transmit WiFi IQ sample files via USRP to set "B" nodes (receivers)
- (3) Copy received WiFi IQ sample files to archival storage

<sup>\*</sup> Each A-B node pair represents a topology defined by the physical distance between the nodes

## Plans for next week

- Research and learn more about how to implement and use matched filters, specifically RRC (root-raised cosine) matched filter
- Run OEDL script on grid, finish debugging

# Questions?