# Summer 2020-WINLAB Internship ML for IoT group (Maestro)



Group member: Qizhen Ding Advisors: Shantanu Laghate, Prof. Jorge Ortiz



Weekday 9am-10am Occupancy Distribution



During a school assembly, the distribution changes significantly Static evacuation routes remain unchanged



A more efficient evacuation route would take advantage of empty hallways

## How do we enable such a system?

- Current occupancy distribution
- Hallway capacity measurements
- Quick information dissemination system
- Location of Emergency

#### Current Occupancy Distribution

- Do a deployment of nonintrusive sensors
- Ensure sensors readings are accurate
- Collect and analyze data in a central hub



Hallway Capacity Calculation

 Measure the speed of human movement in corridors during class, lunch hours, entrance/exit times.



#### Information Distribution

- Place lights on hallway floors
- Give smartphone apps to Fire Marshals connected to sensor system



#### Introducing SmartBox and SmartDash





## System Design



**SmartBox** 

SmartDash

## Non-Intrusive Sensors Allow for Easy Indoor Data Collection

- Passive infrared motion detection
- Magnetometer
- Color and Illumination
- Audio Sensor
- Temperature/Humidity/Barometer
- GeoPhone
- WiFi Transceiver

This combination of sensors is affordable!







# Other Applications of SmartBox/SmartDash

Activities of Daily Life Monitoring

- SmartBoxes in homes of elderly people allows us to monitor their health.
- Classify what they are doing
  e.g. using a microwave or stove,
  vacuuming, walking.

#### HVAC System Fine-Tuning

- Active learning can help understand occupancy schedules and comfort preferences of occupants
- Allows energy savings by keeping occupants comfortable, turning off HVAC when no occupants.

### **Future Goals**

- Deploy SmartDash publicly
- Simplify interface for multiple SmartBox connections
- Start with SmartBox deployment on campus